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## Lesson 2 - Multiplication and Division Equations

> Use the Division Property of Equality to solve multiplication equations and the Multiplication Property of Equality to solve division equations.
> The Division Property of Equality states that if you divide each side of an equation by the same nonzero number, the two sides remain equal.
> The Multiplication Property of Equality states that if you multiply each side of an equation by the same number, the two sides remain equal.

## Example 1

Solve $30=6 x$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
30 & =6 x & & \text { Write the equation. } \\
\frac{30}{6} & =\frac{6 x}{6} & & \text { Divide each side of the equation by } 6 . \\
5 & =x & & 30 \div 6=5 .
\end{aligned}
$$

The solution is 5 .

## Example 2

Solve $\frac{x}{-5}=-2$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{x}{-5} & =-2 & & \text { Write the equation. } \\
\frac{x}{-5}(-5) & =-2(-5) & & \text { Multiply each side of the equation by }-5 . \\
x & =10 & & -2(-5)=10 .
\end{aligned}
$$

The solution is 10 .

## Exercises

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

1. $3 x=12$
2. $9 k=-360$
3. $\frac{x}{5}=12$
4. $16=\frac{a}{3}$
5. $\frac{m}{6}=-4$
6. $-2=\frac{b}{-9}$

## Lesson 2 Skills Practice

## Multiplication and Division Equations

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

1. $7 a=56$
2. $-5 b=-20$
3. $\frac{k}{12}=2$
4. $\frac{m}{6}=-10$
5. $-3 z=93$
6. $-8=\frac{t}{9}$
7. $3 c=15$
8. $18=-9 b$
9. $-13 c=-52$
